LESSON 4.9

Apply Graphs of Proportional Relationships



CAREER SPOTLIGHT: Manufacturing Engineers

Occupation Description

Industrial engineers find ways to eliminate wastefulness in production processes. They devise efficient systems that integrate workers, machines, materials, information, and energy to make a product or provide a service.

Some industrial engineers, called manufacturing engineers, focus entirely on the automated aspects of manufacturing processes. They design manufacturing systems to optimize the use of computer networks, robots, and materials.

Education

Industrial engineers typically need a bachelor's degree in industrial engineering or industrial engineering technologies. However, many industrial engineers have degrees in mechanical engineering, electrical engineering, manufacturing engineering, or general engineering. Students interested in studying should take high school courses in mathematics, such as algebra, trigonometry, and calculus; computer science; and sciences such as chemistry and physics.

Potential Employers

The largest employers of industrial engineers are as follows:

Transportation equipment manufacturing	18%
Computer and electronic product manufacturing	13%
Professional, scientific, and technical services	12%
Machinery manufacturing	8%
Fabricated metal product manufacturing	6%

Watch a Video about industrial engineers: https://cdn.careeronestop.org/OccVids/OccupationVideos/17-2112.00.mp4

Career Cluster

Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematicss

Career Pathway

Engineering and Technology

Career Outlook

- Salary Projections: Low-End Salary, \$57,950 Median Salary, \$88,950 High-End Salary, \$136,930
- Jobs in 2019:
- Job Projections for 2029:

Algebra Concepts

- Make and use graphs of proportional relationships.
- Interpret graphs of proportional relationships.

Is this a good career for me?

Manufacturing engineers:

- Analyze operational data to evaluate operations, processes or products.
- Resolve operational performance problems.
- Develop technical methods or processes.
- Implement design or process improvements.
- Determine operational methods.



Chapter 4 Proportional Relationships

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In this lesson, you will look at how manufacturing engineers use proportional relationships to model manufacturing problems and use graphs of these relationships to make predictions and solve the problems.

The following information will be used to solve problems in this lesson.

Proportional Relationships

The graph of a proportional relationship is a straight line through the origin that has a slope equal to the unit rate of the proportional relationship.

The graph shown has a slope of 1.5, so the unit rate is 1.5.

Step Into the Career: Graphing a Relationship Defined by a Table

Ravi is a manufacturing engineer who oversees the orange juice bottling operation at a factory. The table gives the number of bottles *y* the factory can produce in *x* hours.

Hours, x	3	7	11	19	23
Thousands of Bottles, y	3.6	8.4	13.2	22.8	27.6

Graph the given relationship. Then use the graph to determine whether the factory can produce enough bottles in one work week (40 hours) to fill an order for 50,000 bottles.

Devise a Plan

Step 1: Graph the relationship defined by the table.

Step 2: Use the graph to predict how long it will take the factory to produce 50,000 bottles.





Walk Through the Solution

Step 1: Graph the relationship defined by the table.

Plot the points on a coordinate plane.



Step 2: Use the graph to predict how long it will take the factory to produce 50,000 bottles.

Draw a horizontal line from y = 50 on the y-axis to the graph. Then draw a line down to the x-axis to see if the corresponding x-value is greater than, less than, or equal to 40.

The factory will take about 42 hours to produce 50,000 bottles, so the factory will be unable to produce the needed number of bottles in one work week.

Draw a line that starts from the origin through all the plotted points.





On the Job: Apply Graphing a Relationship Defined by a Table

1. Diana is a manufacturing engineer who oversees the bottling operation at a factory. The table gives the number of bottles *y* the factory can produce in *x* hours.

Hours, x	5	12	18	27	34
Thousands of Bottles, y	1.5	3.6	5.4	8.1	10.2

- **a.** Graph the given relationship.
- **b.** Use the graph to determine how many bottles the factory can produce if the factory is in operation for 50 hours.





2 Step Into the Career: Graphing a Relationship Defined by an Equation

Fernando is a manufacturing engineer who is trying to reduce waste for a machine that shaves metal off of aluminum discs to create car parts. The machine produces y kilograms of waste every x hours according to the equation $y = \frac{7}{3}x$. How long does it take the machine to create 56 kg of waste?

Devise a Plan

- **Step 1:** Graph the relationship defined by the equation.
- Step 2: Use the graph to predict how long it will take the machine to produce 56 kilograms of waste.

Walk Through the Solution

Step 1: Graph the relationship defined by the equation.

Make sure the graph extends past y = 56 and x = 2000 so you can use the graph in Step 2.



Plot the point (0, 0) on a coordinate plane because every proportional relationship satisfies (0, 0). Substitute a convenient number into the equation to find a second point, such as x = 3.



Plot the point (3, 7) on the coordinate plane. Draw a line through the two points.

Step 2: Use the graph to predict how long it will take the machine to produce 56 kilograms of waste.

Draw a horizontal line from y = 56 on the *y*-axis to the graph. Then draw a line down to the *x*-axis to determine the corresponding value of *x*.

The machine will take 24 hours to produce 56 kilograms of waste.



On the Job: Graphing a Relationship Defined by an Equation

- 2. Fernando is a manufacturing engineer who is trying to reduce waste at a sawmill. For every piece of plywood produced by the mill, the mill generates sawdust and wood chips according to the equation y = 1.8x, where y is the mass of wood waste in kilograms and x is the number of hours of production.
 - **a.** Graph the proportional relationship defined by the equation.



b. How long does it take the mill to produce 63 kilograms of waste?

3 Step Into the Career: Graphing Relationships Defined by a Description

Val is a manufacturing engineer who is determining the costs of production at a bread factory. The cost of packaging a certain type of Italian bread at the factory is \$6.30 for every 300 loaves of bread produced. Determine whether an order of 2,000 loaves of bread can be filled with \$42 of packaging.



Devise a Plan

Step 1: Graph the relationship defined by the verbal description.

Step 2: Use the graph to predict how many loaves of bread can be packaged for \$42.

Walk Through the Solution

Step 1: Graph the relationship defined by the verbal description.

Let *x* represent the number of loaves produced and *y* represent the cost of packaging.

Plot the point (0, 0) on a coordinate plane, because every proportional relationship satisfies (0, 0).

The verbal description represents a second point on the graph, (300, 6.3). So, plot the point (300, 6.3). Then draw a line through the two points.

Make sure the graph extends past y = 42 so you can use the graph in Step 2.





Step 2: Use the graph to predict how many loaves of bread can be packaged for \$42.

Draw a horizontal line from y = 42 on the *y*-axis to the graph. Then draw a line down to the *x*-axis to determine the corresponding value of *x*.

\$42 is just enough to package 2,000 loaves of bread, so the order can be filled using \$42 of packaging.



- **3.** Demetrius is a manufacturing engineer who is overseeing production of cartons of milk. The cartons are shipped in palettes such that each palette contains 25 boxes which contain a grand total of 500 cartons of milk.
 - **a.** Graph the proportional relationship defined by the verbal description.
 - **b.** How many boxes are needed to package 12,000 cartons of milk?



40

20

0

1000 2000

(300, 6.3)

Career Spotlight: Practice

- **4.** Ysenia is a manufacturing engineer at a factory that makes parts for automobiles. The company produces shock absorbers according to the table shown.
 - **a.** Graph the proportional relationship defined by the table.
 - **b.** How many shock absorbers does the factory produce in one day?
 - **c.** How many days would it take the factory to produce 34,000 shock absorbers?



Days, x	2	5	10	17	28
Number of parts, y	800	2000	4000	6800	11,200

the equation.

pralines and x is the number of boxes.

b. Use the graph to determine whether 30 boxes of pralines is enough to feed a party that requires 500 pralines.

to the equation y = 16x, where y is the number of

a. Graph the proportional relationship defined by

QUICK TIP

In part (b), you can start with the given y-value and find the corresponding x-value, or you can start with the given x-value and find the corresponding y-value.

6. Pablo is a manufacturing engineer at a computer chip production plant. The plant can produce 120 computer chips per hour. If a computer company orders 3500 computer chips, can they receive the order in 4 working days? Assume that the plant operates 8 hours per day.

Devise a Plan 🗾

Step 1: Graph the proportional relationship defined by the verbal description.

Step 2:	?
-	

Step 3: ?

Career Spotlight: Check

7. Jabari is a manufacturing engineer who operates a factory that makes television sets. The factory produces y televisions in x hours according to the equation y = 28x. Jabari receives a work order that asks for the production of a certain number of televisions in a 40-hour work week. Which of the following work orders could be completed in a work week?



a. 800

b. 900

c. 1000

d. 1100

e. 1200

f. 1300





8. Sari is a manufacturing engineer at a factory that makes window panes. The number of window panes that the factory can produce in a day is directly proportional to the number of workers that day. During the previous day, the factory produced 24 window panes with 10 people working. How many people does Sari need in the factory to produce 60 window panes?



- **a**. 25 **b.** 36 **c.** 46
- **9.** A factory packages 5-pound bags of apples that are sold in grocery stores. The factory produces bags of apples according to the proportional relationship shown in the graph, where x is the time in minutes and y is the number of bags of apples produced. Complete the table with the correct amounts to describe the proportional relationship.

Minutes, x	Bags Produced, y
40	300
	750
160	
	1425

10. Jamal is a manufacturing engineer at a facility that produces cars. His team can assemble the frame of a car at a rate such that they can produce 21 car frames in 2 hours. Complete the sentence by selecting values from the panel so that it is true.

Jamal's team can assemble enough car frames to complete an order of _____ car frames in _____ hours and 40 minutes.

6	8	10
56	70	105







